SIGNS OF A DRUG OVERDOSE

- Unresponsiveness
- Loss of consciousness
- Breathing is slow, shallow or has stopped
- Pinpoint pupils
- Gasping, gurgling or choking sounds
- Slowed heartbeat/pulse
- Skin tone turns pale, blue or gray
- Body is limp
- Vomiting
- Inability to talk

Opioid overdoses are reversible. In a life-threatening situation, don't panic or run; call 911. You could help save a life.

OPIOID DEATHS:

- In 2017, more than 72,000 Americans died from drug overdoses, and over half of those involved opioids (NIDA).
- In 2017, Georgia saw 1,014 opioid overdose deaths, and 568 of them were due to prescription opioids (CDC).

The Georgia 911 Medical Amnesty Law offers "protection for people who call 911 and seek medical assistance for someone experiencing a drug or alcohol-related overdose.

The caller and the victim cannot be arrested, charged or prosecuted for small amounts of drugs, alcohol or drug paraphernalia if the evidence was obtained as a result of seeking medical assistance." (Georgia Overdose Prevention)

* "Naloxone is a prescription drug that can reverse the effects of opioid overdose and can be life-saving if administered in time." (CDC)

Georgia has a standing prescription at all pharmacies which ensures access to the Naloxone prescription for anyone who is at risk of an opioid overdose.

IN AN OVERDOSE EMERGENCY SITUATION, FOLLOW THESE STEPS:

- Check for signs of an overdose (see above)
- Call 911
- Give rescue breaths
- Administer Naloxone*
- Stay until help arrives

(NOPE-RI and Help is Here Delaware)